Georgia Prohibits COVID-19 'Vaccine Passports' for Public Employers, Also Limiting Private Employers

By Emily S. Borna

June 4, 2021

Meet the Authors



Emily S. Borna
(She/Her)
Principal
(404) 586-1817
Emily.Borna@jacksonlewis.com

Related Services

COVID-19 Disability, Leave and Health Management While many states have issued orders prohibiting inquiries about an individual's COVID-19 vaccination status, Georgia has become the first to restrict public employers from requiring proof of a COVID-19 vaccination as a condition of employment.

Georgia Governor Brian Kemp issued an <u>executive order</u> that, although a bit vague, essentially prohibits "vaccine passports," meaning proof of COVID-19 vaccination, in the public sector. This prohibition restricts public employers from requiring their employees to get the COVID-19 vaccine as a condition of employment or treating unvaccinated employees differently or adversely as compared to vaccinated employees. Accordingly, public employers cannot implement workplace rules (such as requiring masks) for unvaccinated employees but not vaccinated employees, unless those rules are enforced using only an honor-code system.

While private employers in Georgia have more leeway in this respect (see the Equal Employment Opportunity <u>guidance</u>), they are still limited by the executive order. If private employers in Georgia decide to implement a vaccine passport program, the order prohibits them from using data from the state's immunization database, called the Georgia Registry of Immunization Transactions and Services (GRITS), to do so. This means that private employers cannot verify the vaccination status of their employees with access to the state database. As a practical matter, private employers must secure this information from another source, *e.g.*, asking employees themselves to provide proof of vaccination or accepting employee verifications on the honor system.

Jackson Lewis attorneys are closely monitoring updates and changes to legal requirements and guidance and are available to help employers weed through the complexities involved with state-specific or multistate-compliant plans.

If you have questions or need assistance, please reach out to the Jackson Lewis attorney with whom you regularly work, or any member of our <u>COVID-19 team</u>.

©2021 Jackson Lewis P.C. This material is provided for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute legal advice nor does it create a client-lawyer relationship between Jackson Lewis and any recipients. Recipients should consult with counsel before taking any actions based on the information contained within this material. This material may be considered attorney advertising in some jurisdictions. Prior results do not guarantee a similar outcome.

Focused on employment and labor law since 1958, Jackson Lewis P.C.'s 1,000+ attorneys located in major cities nationwide consistently identify and respond to new ways workplace law intersects business. We help employers develop proactive strategies, strong policies and business-oriented solutions to cultivate high-functioning workforces that are engaged and stable, and share our clients' goals to emphasize belonging and respect for the contributions of every employee. For more information, visit https://www.jacksonlewis.com.